SECTION J- LIST OF DOCUMENTS, EXHIBITS, AND OTHER ATTACHMENTS

The following documents are attached hereto and made a part of this contract:

- J.1 Statement of Work
- J.2 Design and Performance Specification for NASA Standard Initiator-1.
- J.3 Data Requirements List (DRL) and Data Requirements Descriptions (DRD)
- J.4 Safety and Health Plan
- J.5 System Safety Program Plan

REQUEST FOR PROPOSAL # NNJ07177092R

MANUFACTURE OF THE NASA STANDARD INITIATOR

SECTION J.2: STATEMENT OF WORK

STATEMENT OF WORK (SOW)
FOR THE MANUFACTURE
OF THE
NASA STANDARD INITIATOR
(P/N SEB26100001-2XX)

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1.0 SCOPE

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1.1 General

The contractor shall manufacture the NASA Standard Initiator (NSI-1) in accordance with the requirements of this Statement of Work (SOW) and the SKB26100066 document, the Design and Performance Specification for NSI-1 (NASA Standard Initiator-1), which is attached.

Deleted:

The contractor shall manufacture 2000 units under the basic requirements of this contract.

2.0 TECHNICAL REQUIREMENTS

2.1 Lot Definition

A Lot is a group of NSI-1's containing components which have the same design, construction, and material, fabricated (controlled by one unchanged set of baseline documents) in an essentially continuous manufacturing process (i.e., no manufacturing interruption exceeding thirty (30) days). The explosive material used in each lot shall be from the same batch prepared and accepted under a single continuous process. A change in qualified personnel and equivalent equipment is allowed during manufacture of a lot. Submittal to JSC for acceptance of the lot shall occur after completion of all manufacturing, acceptance testing, and data reviews by the manufacturer. Lot designators shall be assigned by the NASA-JSC Contracting Officer's Technical Representative (COTR).

2.1.1 Lot Size

Lot Size shall not exceed 1,500 serialized units.

2.2 Manufacturing

2.2.1 Gas for Cleaning

"Shop air" (compressed air not filtered and dried) shall not be used for cleaning purposes.

2.2.2 Liquids Contamination Prevention

Except for the liquid used to make the slurry, liquids shall be controlled so that they shall not come into contact at any time with the explosive mix. To prevent contamination of the explosive material(s) with liquids, the supplier's applicable manufacturing procedures shall specify that each device shall be completely dry prior to loading and that no liquids are to be utilized for cleaning or sealing preparation after addition of the explosive materials and prior to sealing. The procedures shall specify that the immediate area of explosive loading shall be free of such liquids as methanol, Freon, solvents, and alcohol. In the event that spillage of explosive material necessitates cleaning of the loading area with liquids, all parts must be removed from the area until after such cleaning is completed, the area is completely dry, and the liquids have been removed. If liquids are used to clean a loaded unit, after sealing and prior to leak testing, any unit failing leak testing shall not be reworked, and the unit shall be rejected.

2.2.3 In-Process Radiographs (N-RAYS)

An N-Ray of each initiator shall be made after the cup adhesive curing process but before explosive loading in order to verify the charge cup is properly seated. The view shall be normal to the longitudinal axis, pins furthest apart.

A detailed inspection record and film review criteria shall be submitted to the COTR prior to loading, per JSC Data Requirements Description DRD 1.

2.2.4 Final Radiographs (N-RAYS)

After final assembly, all NSIs shall be N-Rayed in two positions (90° apart and normal to the longitudinal axis) to verify correct assembly to drawing requirements. The N-Rays shall be made using a reactor source of energy as specified in JSC 20431, NASA-JSC Neutron Radiography Specification. The NSIs shall be filmed in serial number sequence and the test data serialized in the same sequence.

Detailed inspection and film review criteria shall be included in the contractor document concerning N-Ray as specified in DRD 1. It shall contain, as a minimum, the following criteria to show the NSI has successfully passed the acceptance radiographic test:

- a. Verify that the explosive charge is present.
- b. Verify that there are no missing or improperly oriented parts.
- c. Verify that there are no foreign objects or material present.
- d. Verify that the lot, part, and serial numbers are on the radiographs.

2.3 Propellant Requirements

2.3.1 Caloric Output

The contractor shall provide the caloric output of the explosive mix used to load each lot of NSIs. The caloric output shall be determined by test within one year prior to loading each lot of NSIs. Thermal output of the mix shall be between 1340-1450 cal/gm. The data shall be approved by the NASA-JSC COTR prior to loading each lot of NSIs, per DRD 10.

2.3.2 Unloaded Samples

The contractor shall provide the following unloaded samples:

- a. a one (1) gram sample of the Zirconium (wet) to JSC for each propellant blend.
- b. a one (1) gram sample of the Potassium Perchlorate to JSC for each propellant blend.
- c. a one (1) gram sample of the blended propellant for each lot of initiators. This sample shall be taken just prior to the weighing of the propellant for loading.

NOTE: All samples shall be identified by name, lot number or other identifying number, and date the sample is taken. The lot number or identifying number shall also be shown on the container from which the sample is taken. JSC shall supply the sample containers.

2.3.3 Sample Shipment

The contractor shall hold the unloaded samples in contractor bonded storage until the manufacture of the last lot of initiators has been completed. The contractor shall then ship all of the samples to the address listed:

NASA/JSC TRANSPORTATION OFFICER BLDG. 420 HOUSTON, TX 77058

Marked for: THE PYROTECHNICS TEST FACILITY, BLDG. 352

All sample and test shipments under this contract shall be to the location above.

2.4 Cold Temperature Certification

2.4.1 Contractor Provided

For each propellant batch blended, the contractor shall load twenty (20) initiators from that batch for test by NASA-JSC prior to loading a lot with that propellant batch. The test units are to be loaded using the normal manufacturing procedures except that reject bodies may be used, provided the defect shall not affect the function of the initiator. These test units shall pass a leak test after the end closure weld has been completed. Prior to shipment to the NASA-JSC, the test units shall be exposed to the following testing, in the stated order, per the appropriate paragraphs in the NSI design specification SKB26100066:

- a. Bridgewire resistance measurements.
- b. Thermal cycles according to paragraph 1.3.1.f.
- c. Bridgewire resistance measurements.
- d. Random vibration per paragraph 1.3.1.b while thermally stabilized at -260°F.
- e. Bridgewire resistance measurements.
- f. Thermal shock per paragraph 1.3.1.g.
- g. Bridgewire resistance measurements.

At the conclusion of the above tests, the units shall be sent to NASA-JSC.

If one of the batch test units fails to fire and it is determined to be caused by propellant sensitivity, that batch of propellant shall be discarded and a new batch shall be prepared by the contractor.

After a lot has passed all acceptance tests, eighty (80) units from the lot shall be selected and shipped to NASA-JSC as part of the Destructive Lot Acceptance Test (DLAT) where the units will be fired at -420°F using a Pyrotechnic Initiator Controller (PIC) firing source charged to 40 volts.

Failure of any unit to fire shall result in a failure of that entire lot.

2.4.2 Government Provided

NASA-JSC will provide testing of the initiator to the $-420\,^{\circ}\mathrm{F}$ firing requirement. This testing is required at two separate points in the manufacturing flow. The Propellant Batch test is done after blending of

the propellant and prior to loading the Lot. NASA-JSC will test fire twenty (20) units at -420 °F which have been loaded with a batch of propellant before giving approval to load a lot of initiators with that batch of propellant. The second increment to cold temperature certification is done after all units are loaded and the lot has passed all other acceptance tests. The last test of the DLAT is the -420°F FIC firing test in which eighty (80) shall be fired. Notification for testing shall be made two (2) weeks prior to the expected delivery of the units to be tested via the NASA-JSC COTR.

2.5 Tensile Test Coupons

The contractor shall conduct tensile tests on three "standard" tensile bars (coupons) per American Society for Testing & Materials (ASTM) E8. The coupons shall be from the same Aerospace Material Specification (AMS) 5662 melt (lot) as the NSI body material and shall be heat treated simultaneously with the NSI bodies. The following data shall be obtained from the tensile test coupons and recorded on the lot acceptance data sheets.

- a. Tensile strength (185 KSI minimum)
- b. Yield Strength at 0.2% offset (150 KSI minimum)
- c. Elongation in 2 inches (10% minimum)
- d. Reduction of area (12% minimum)

Failure to meet the minimum criteria as listed above shall be a cause for rejection of that lot of bodies heat-treated with those coupons. This information is required by DRD 8 covering the NSI Body Material Tensile Test. Acceptance of the material test data by NASA-JSC COTR is required prior to the start of lot fabrication.

2.6 Government Furnished Equipment (GFE)

NASA-JSC shall supply the following items as GFE:

- a. one (1) Initiator Resistance Measuring Equipment (IRME) unit
- b. one (1) Initiator Firing Unit (IFU)
- c. one (1) Constant Current Firing Unit
- d. one (1) Faraday Cap for each deliverable NSI
- e. Shipping Containers (quantity as required)

3.0 REPORTING REQUIREMENTS

3.1 Design and Performance Requirements

The contractor shall manufacture initiators that meet the design and performance requirements specified by JSC document SKB26100066, the Design and Performance Specification for NSI-1 (NASA Standard Initiator-1), attachment A. The initiators shall comply with the initiator drawing package, attachment 3, referenced in the list of applicable documents in Section 4.0 of this SOW.

3.2 Manufacturing Methods and Testing Requirements

The manufacturing and testing of the NSI shall be delineated in the appropriate contractor documents to be provided as part of the contract in compliance with SKB26100066, the Design and Performance Specification for NSI-1 (NASA Standard Initiator-1), and the drawing package

referenced in the list of applicable documents in Section 4.0 of this SOW. These documents shall have the NASA-JSC COTR and Quality Engineering (QE) approval prior to, or during, the phase review establishing the control documentation. Any changes to these documents after the phase review shall have COTR and QE approval prior to use of the new revision. These documents are required by DRD 4 covering the NSI Control Documentation.

All components used in the fabrication of a lot NSIs shall have lot traceability complying with Section 3.5.6 of this SOW and be from single component lots.

3.2.1 Design and Fabrication of Tooling

Tooling required for pyrotechnic loading of the device shall be contractor furnished equipment per DRD 4 covering NSI Control Documentation. Tooling used in fabrication of the initiators shall be controlled by part number, revision and serial number (S/N), if applicable, to clearly show traceability of tooling used. Where tooling is called out in a manufacturing procedure or acceptance test procedure, the serial number (S/N), if applicable, used shall be recorded in the traveler/procedure to maintain traceability.

3.3 Key Personnel

The contractor shall provide the NASA-JSC COTR a certification of key personnel responsible for management of the engineering, manufacturing, and quality functions required for accomplishing the requirements of this contract. If any personnel changes are made during the contract the vendor shall notify the COTR in writing prior to making the changes.

3.4 Conference and Review Requirements

The contractor shall support contractual specified conferences, reviews, and surveys including corrective action and recurrence controls. These reviews and surveys shall be conducted at contractor facilities per DRD 9 and will be chaired by the NASA-JSC COTR. The contractor shall support contractual specified conferences and reviews including corrective action and recurrence controls. The contractor shall also prepare and make available to the attendees all documentation necessary to accomplish the intended objectives.

3.4.1 Reviews

The following reviews shall be required.

- a. Phase I. Baseline Review: A Baseline Review shall precede the start of manufacture of any initiators. This review shall include the control documentation referenced in Paragraph 4.1.1 of this SOW and DRD 4. NASA-JSC will direct the contractor with the authorization to proceed with the manufacture of the NSIs for qualification or production following reviews and the closeout of open review items.
- b. Phase II. Production Review: A Production Review may be conducted at the contractor facility (chaired by the NASA COTR) prior to the start of manufacture of the production lot of NSIs. This review shall assure adequate evaluation and control of all proposed changes to the baseline, including the potential effect of the changes upon the qualification status of the NSI. The review shall also address proposed personnel changes and the current certification of personnel.

c. <u>Phase III. Lot Acceptance/Certification Review</u>: The Phase III Lot Acceptance/Certification Review shall be conducted, by the NASA at the contractor facility, prior to issuing a flight lot certificate as described below. This NASA review shall assure that the intent of the Phase I Baseline Review and the Phase II Production Review has been successfully satisfied. The Phase III review shall be conducted after the NSIs have been manufactured and presented to the Government for acceptance.

Acceptance/Certification shall be based on a detailed, critical review of all manufacturing, inspection, and acceptance data and records. The NSIs may be packaged for shipment after completion of the Phase III review. A flight lot certificate shall be issued by NASA for each lot of qualified NSIs prior to shipment from the supplier per DRD 3.

3.4.2 Surveys

The following Surveys shall be supported:

- a. Safety, Reliability, and Quality Assurance (SR&QA) surveys shall be conducted by NASA at the contractor facility. The contractor shall support these surveys with the necessary documentation and personnel. The contractor shall provide data upon request which shall verify internal conformance to the SR&QA requirements.
- b. NASA-JSC reserves the right to conduct one (1) full (major) survey at any time during the contract and/or once every twelve (12) months for contracts that exceed twelve (12) months in duration. The purpose of the survey is to review all contract or task requirements. Thirty (30) days prior to the full survey, the contracting officer (CO) or the COTR shall notify the contractor in writing of the intended survey. This survey will not exceed one (1) week (five (5) working days) duration.
- c. NASA-JSC reserves the right to conduct an incremental survey at any time to support the resolution of a specific problem. One (1) week (five (5) working days) prior to the incremental survey, verification of this survey shall be given to the contractor either by telecon or letter from the NASA-JSC CO. An incremental survey is intended to cover only a specific area such as a process control problem or any other unsatisfactory detail that would be of such magnitude that the resulting hardware would be unacceptable to NASA-JSC and this survey is shall be addressed by the contractor and is detailed in DRD 7.
- d. For surveys that contain recommended actions, the surveyed organization shall respond within thirty (30) days after receipt of the survey report and submit a status report every thirty (30) days thereafter until all actions are closed, per DRD 9.

3.5 Quality Assurance Requirements

The contractor shall establish and maintain a Quality Management System (QMS) on the contract date that shall, as a minimum, adhere to the requirements of SAE AS9100, Quality Management Systems - Aerospace - Requirements. The QMS shall provide adequate assurance that the requirements of the technical system specifications shall be consistently met and compliance demonstrated. The QMS procedures, planning, and all other documentation and data that comprise the QMS shall be available to NASA-JSC for review. At the direction of NASA, existing quality documents that meet the requirements of this contract may continue to be used. NASA-JSC may perform necessary inspections, verifications, and evaluations, to ascertain conformance to requirements and adequacy of the implementing the procedures. The contractor shall require of sub-tier suppliers a QMS capable of achieving control of the

quality of the services and supplies provided. NASA-JSC reserves the right to disapprove the services and supplies provided. NASA-JSC reserves the right to disapprove the quality program or portions thereof when it fails to meet its intended objectives. A quality plan, developed per the AS9100 requirements, shall be submitted in accordance with DRD 5.

A Defense Contract Management Agency (DCMA) Representative(s) shall reside at the contractor's facility during lot fabrication and test operations. DCMA personnel shall be allowed to continuously review the manufacturing operations during this period to assure the production of acceptable hardware. Incompatibilities between hardware, processes, and/or technical requirements shall be immediately discussed with the contractor and the JSC COTR. The contractor shall immediately initiate Material Review (MR)/Discrepancy Report (DR) action in the case of discrepant hardware or request contract change if required to eliminate any incompatibilities.

3.5.1 Problem Reporting and Corrective Action

The contractor shall provide and maintain a closed loop reporting system involving the contractor and suppliers for the reporting of all problems (failures, unsatisfactory conditions, and material review records) and shall establish corrective actions for all problems concerning flight, test, and training hardware where that hardware is representative of flight hardware, applicable Government Furnished Equipment (GFE), and spare hardware. The contractor shall insure that problem reporting and corrective action systems of its suppliers meet NASA-JSC requirements.

Problem reporting, analysis, resolution, and status shall comply with the requirements of JSC 28035 and be accomplished in accordance with DRD 7.

3.5.2 Material Review (MR)

All MR dispositions shall be approved by the NASA-JSC COTR prior to their use (except scrap and return to vendor) per DRD 3. A copy of the MR shall be sent to the NASA-JSC CO and COTR for review. Formal notification of MR approval shall be provided by the NASA-JSC CO or the COTR. A contingent review of the MR can be obtained by telephone from the COTR; however, formal approval shall not be provided until review of the written MR and disposition. Use of the material prior to formal approval is at the contractor's risk. The NASA-JSC COTR approval of the MR shall also be coordinated with the cognizant JSC Quality Assurance Division personnel.

3.5.3 Customer Verification of Subcontracted Product

Determination of which parts/components require Government Source Inspection (GSI) at the sub-tier vendor shall be established at the closure of the Phase I Review. The procuring organization shall submit the procurement documents to the designated NASA-JSC quality representative, as necessary, prior to procurement release.

a. When the government elects to perform GSI at a procurement source, the following statement shall be included with the procuring documents:

"All work in this order is subject to inspection and test by the government at any time and place. The government quality representative with delegated quality assurance functions on this procurement shall be notified immediately upon receipt of this order.

The government representatives shall be notified 48 hours in advance of the time articles or materials are ready for inspection or test."

b. Procurements that do not require GSI shall include the following

"The government has the right to inspect any or all of the work included in this order at the suppliers plant."

3.5.4 Procurement Controls

Procurement documents shall be controlled and maintained to ensure compliance with applicable quality and technical requirements. Procurements shall include the following:

- a. Purchased raw material shall be accompanied with chemical and/or physical test results. The required test results will be agreed to at the Phase I Review.
- b. Age Controlled and limited-life product records for articles and materials having definite characteristics of quality degradation or drift with age and/or use shall indicate the date and test time or cycle at which useful life was initiated, the life or cycles used, and the date, test time, or cycle at which the useful life is expended.

3.5.5 Raw Material Controls

Raw materials shall be inspected and tested (e.g. chemical and/or physical analysis and/or performance testing) to determine conformance to applicable drawings and specifications. The required test results will be agreed to at the Phase I Review. Reports of actual test results shall be identified with particular materials. Unless otherwise specified or agreed to at the Phase I Review additional testing and analysis is not required provided a test report is available from the manufacturer and can be traced to the certifications of the material used. Raw material shall be segregated and controlled to prevent the use of materials that do not conform to specifications or while awaiting completion and receipt of satisfactory test results.

3.5.6 Traceability

A system shall be in place to ensure identification of all materials/products, whether separately produced discrete items, or material produced in batches, to ensure traceability to the original source/manufacturer and to determine verification status. This system shall be maintained throughout the life of this contract, including material/product receipt, all stages of production, delivery, and installation for a period of twenty (20) years past the delivery date.

3.6 Safety Requirements

The Safety requirements listed below shall apply.

- a. The contractor shall comply with all federal, state, and local codes and standards applicable to work performed on this contract.
- b. In the event of serious injury or illness to personnel or damage to equipment and/or property in excess of \$10,000 arising from this contract, the contractor shall notify the Occupational Safety & Institutional Assurance Division, code NT, at 281-483-4345, within twenty four (24) hours of such occurrence. The contractor shall conduct an investigation into the causes of the accident and

implement corrective measures. However, NASA-JSC reserves the right to conduct investigation into such occurrence as necessary. The contractor shall provide support as required.

- c. The contractor shall perform hazard analyses in sufficient depth to identify and correct conditions which could cause serious personal injury or illness, or significant damage to property limited to manufacturing and processing of toxic materials, test facilities systems, test set-ups, test operations, radio frequency hazards, auto-ignition temperatures, pollution, and environmental contamination.
- 3.7 Control of Inspection, Measuring, and Test Equipment

Control of Inspection, Measuring, and Test Equipment shall be in accordance with ISO 10012-1, Quality Assurance for measuring Equipment.

3.8 Program Status Report

The contractor shall provide the COTR with a monthly status update in accordance with DRD $9\,.$

4.0 DOCUMENTATION REQUIREMENTS

4.1 General

The contractor shall furnish documentation as set forth in the Data Requirements List (DRL) and the DRDs.

4.1.1 Control Documentation

A record set of all NASA, JSC approved documents pertaining to the materials, manufacturing, quality control, and acceptance of the initiators procured under this contract shall be provided to NASA-JSC per DRD 4.

All drawings, quality control procedures, process, and manufacturing specifications used and all changes to these documents used in the production and testing of the NSI shall be approved by the NASA-JSC CO and COTR prior to implementation. This document set shall be established as a baseline for the production of the initiators and shall be maintained throughout the duration of the contract. It shall include one copy of each approved baseline document and each change, as well as a lot effectivity matrix/list for all changes. In addition, an appropriate document shall list by number, title, revision, and date all documents in the record set (both contractor and subcontractor/supplier) and revisions thereto, including a change-effectivity matrix, by lot per DRC 4.

4.2 Applicable Documents

4.2.1 Applicability

The contractor shall comply with the following referenced documents with the same force and effect as if they were given in full text. Drawings are available in from the Engineering Drawing Control Center at (281) 483-4014.

4.2.2 NASA-JSC Applicable Documents

DOCUMENT NUMBER REVISION DOCUMENT TITLE

SEB26100001	L	Initiator, NASA Standard
SEB26100002	L	Initiator Subassy, NASA Standard
SDB26100003	F	Initiator Body, Single Piece
SEB26100005	G	Pin Header Assembly-Glass Seal
SDB26100006	E	Header Body, Two Pin Initiator
SDB26100007	В	Pin, Glass Seal, Header
SDB26100008	С	Disk, Sealing
SDB25100009	F	Charge Cup, NASA Standard Initiator
SDB26100010	В	Disk, Insulating
SDB25100011	В	Washer, Insulating
SDB25100013	С	Cup, Closure
SDB26100014	A	Washer, Sealing
SDB26100016	C	Marking Drawing, Initiator
SDB26100022	NC	Specification for Propellant, NASA Standard Initiator
SDB26100023	NC	Specification for Bridgewire, NASA Standard Initiator
SDB26100024	A	Specification for Adhesive, Charge Cup/Body, NASA Standard Initiator
SDB26100025	A	Specification for Adhesive, Charge Cup/Pin Seal, NASA Standard Initiator
SDB26100026	A	Specification for Potting, Electrical Connector, NASA Standard Initiator
SLB26100052	K	Configuration Control Drawing, (NASA Standard Initiator (NSI))
SEB26100060	L	Faraday Cap Assembly
SKB26100066	£1	Design and Performance Specification For NSI-1 (NASA Standard Initiator 1)
SEB26100078	3	Body Assembly, Welded
SAD26100083	A	Drawing Tree, NASA Standard Initiator
SEB26100021	F	Fixture, 10cc Bomb
SLB26100054	В	Wrench, NSI, Installation Tool
SKD26100087	NC	NASA Standard Initiator Manufacturer Qualification Plan
SKD26100128	NC	Initiator firing Unit (IFU)
JSC20431	March, 1985	JSC Neutron Radiography Specification
JSC 28035	May, 2001	Problem Reporting and Corrective Action Requirements for Johnson Space Center Government Furnished Equipment
NSTS 08060	J	Space Shuttle System Pyrotechnic Specification

The drawings, specifications, parts lists, and procedures established as a baseline (control) set by the Phase I/Phase II review shall become a part of this statement of work.

4.2.3 Other Applicable Documents

Number Title

SAE AS9100 Quality Management Systems - Aerospace - Requirements

ISO 10012-1 Control of Inspection, Measuring, and Test Equipment

MIL-STD-2073-1 Standard Practice for Military Packaging

4.2.4 Selection of Specifications and Standards

Unless otherwise specified, specifications and standards for materials, parts, and processes shall be selected by using MIL-STD-143 as a guide. Where not covered by Government documents, specifications shall be subject to approval by the NASA-JSC contracting officer or COTR.

REQUEST FOR PROPOSAL # NNJ07177092R

MANUFACTURE OF THE NASA STANDARD INITIATOR

SECTION J.2: DESIGN AND PERFORMANCE SPECIFICATION OF NSI-1

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SPECIER ALION FOR THE PRODUCTION OF THE NASA STANDARD INITIATOR, TYPE 1 (NSI-I)

<u>APPLICABLE DOCUMENTS</u>: The following documents form a part of this specification to the extent specified herem. In the event of a conflict between these documents and the contents of this specification, this specification shall take precedence.

Number	Litte
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NASA

MSFC 40M38208 F11GH7 Connector, Electrical, Special Miniature Circular, Environment

Resisting, 200 degrees C.

18(17)431 Neutron Radiograph Specification

Military

MIL 140 Alumina Insulating Compound

MH24, 45204 Gold Plating, Electrodeposited

MIL-S-5879 \(\chi\) Serew Threads, controlled radius root with Amendment 1 mercased

minor diameter, general specification

MIL/STD-970 Standards and Specifications. Order of precedence for the selection of

MIL STD 4525A Age Controls of Age-Sensitive Elastomers

AIS 13649 (or) MS 16142 Boss, Fluid Connection, Internal Straight MS16142 Thread

MS 29513 (or) MS 83248A Packing, Performed, Hydrocarbon Fuel Resistant, O-ring

AIS 3116(OPT) 1EST Connector, Plug, Electric, Series I Solder Type, Straight, Bayonet

Coupling.

SM

AMS 3307 Rubber, Silicone, General Purpose

AMS 5512G Steel Sheet, Strip and Plate, 347 Stainless Steel

AMS 56621. Alloy bars, Forgings and Rings, Inconel 718.

AMS 5698C Alloy Wire, Nickel Alloy 750, Corrosion and Heat Resistant

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AMS *466 Bolts and Screws, Nickel Alloy 718, Corrosion and Heat Resistant

Standards

ANSI B46.1 Surface Texture, surface roughness waviness and lay

TFD-STD-595 Color, Requirements for Individual Color Chips

10 DESIGN REQUIREMENTS

SELECTION OF SPECIFICATIONS AND STANDARDS

Unless otherwise specified, specifications and standards for materials, parts, and processes shall be selected by using Standard MIL-STD-970 as a guide. Where not covered by Government documents they shall be subject to approval by the Contracting Officer's Technical Representative (COTR).

12 DESIGN

131 COMPONENTS

The initiator shall include the following components:

- a. Body assembly design shall include electrical connector
- b f-corrical header with two pins (one bridgewire)
- Charge cap.
- d. Pyrotechnic charge
- Insulating disks and washer
- t. Figliclosure
- v.'eld washer (as required).
- h. All hardware required to complete assembly, including scaling materials and internal "O" rang

121. CONSTRUCTION

All details of construction of the initiator shall provide for maximum reliability, safety of personnel, minimum weight, and maximum operating utility. All materials used in the

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construction of the initiator shall be of high uniform quality and be capable of withstanding the electrical and environmental conditions specified herein. No components shall work loose in service and all components shall be capable of withstanding the strains, impacts, vibrations, and other conditions incidental to shipping, storage, installation, and service use. Construction of the mitiator shall be such that installation and removal by qualified personnel may be accomplished easily, safely, and without damage. Each initiator component shall be designed to provide the highest quality commensurate with that of best component development and consistent with the requirements of this specification. The initiator shall be designed to preclude inadvertent premature initiation when subjected to the environmental conditions specified herein, and electrical no-fire specified in 1.2.1.8 and 1.2.1.9.

1242 CONFIGURATION AND DIMENSIONS

The initiator body shall be fabricated from Inconel 718 per AMS 5662E and shall be as shown in the NASA JSC Specification Control Drawings (SCD's).

1.2.1.2.1. SPECIFICATION CONTROL DRAWINGS

National Aeronautics and Space Administration Johnson Space Center, Engineering Drawing Control Center

SEB26100001 Initiator, NASA Standard

SEB26100002 Imitiator Subassembly, NASA Standard

SFB76100003 Initiator Body, Single Piece

SI-B16100052 Configuration Control Drawing (NASA Standard Initiator (NSI))

SDB36100016 Marking Drawing, Initiator

St B25100078 Body Assembly, Welded (OBSOLETE)

SDB 26100077 Initiator, Body 3-8-24 Thread (OBSOLETE)

SDB26100079 Shell, Connector (OBSOLETE)

St B76100005 Pin Header Assembly - Glass Seal

SDB26,0000° Pin, Class Seal, Header

SDB26100006 Header Body, Two Pin Initiator

SDEC6100008 Disk, Sealing

SDB26100009 Charge Cup, NASA Standard Initiator

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SDB26100010	Disk. Insulating
SDB26100011	Washer, Insulating
SDB26400013	Cup, Closure
SDB26100014	Washer, Scaling
SOB26100016	Marking Drawing, Initiator
SDB26100022	Specification for Propellant, NASA Standard Initiator
SDB26100023	Specification for Bridgewire, NASA Standard Initiator
810826100024	Specification for Adhesive, Charge Cup-Body, NASA Standard Initiator
SDB26100025	Specification for Adhesive, Charge Cup Pin Seal, NASA Standard Initiator
SDB://100026	Specification for Potting, Electrical Connector, NASA Standard Initiator
SEB26300060	Faraday Cap Assembly
SLB06100054	Wrench, NSI, Installation Tool
SAD*6:00083	Drawing Tree, NASA Standard Initiator
SED26100121	Test Vessel, NS1, 1cc Closed Bomb
SIB76100021	Fixture, 10ce Bomb
SD026100095	O-Ring, NSI Interfaces

1.2.1.3 PSROTECHNIC END

The pyrotechnic or output end of the initiator shall be rolled threaded as shown on the SCD. The mutiator used with the sealing washer and "O" ring shall form a hermetic seal when mated with the next using device.

1214 PYROTECHNIC MIX

the nuriator shall use 114 (: 4) milligrams of a propellant mix of Zirconium - Potassium Pereforate, as specified in SDB26100022, Specification for Propellant, NASA Standard Initiator. The propellant shall be installed in two increments: the first increment of 64 milligrams shall be

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consolidated for 3 seconds at 2500 psia and the second increment of 50 milligrams shall be consolidated for 3 seconds at 10,000 psia.

In addition to providing the main charge, a portion of each lot's propellant mix will be used in a sharty mixture with n-butyl acetate solvent to be painted on the bridgewire prior to loading.

12.15 INTIATOR ENDICLOSURE

The imitator end closure shall consist of a 347 stainless steel metal plate or disc per AMS 5512G welded to the body.

1216 BRIDGEWIRE CIRCUIT

The immutor shall contain a 304 stainless steel bridgewire circuit electrically insulated from the case and spot-welded once to each pin. A continuous insulation barrier shall be provided between the case and any explosive, propellant, or pyrotechnic material that is in contact with the bridge circuit. The barrier shall be made of alumina (per MIL-1-10) having high electric resistivity and dielectric strength. The measured ambient bridgewire resistance shall be 1.05 ± 0.10 ohms

U2 1.7 FILECTRICAL CONNECTOR

The e-ectrical connector end of the initiator shall mate with the connector specified on SI B26100052. The connector pins shall be gold-plated in accordance with the provisions of Specification MII -G-45204. Type I, Grade C, Class 2.

1218 MAXIMUM NO-FIRE CURRENT

fine initiator shall not ignite when the bridgewire is subjected to a decurrent of one ampere for 5 runates within the temperature range of $\pm 300^{\circ} F$ to $\pm 260^{\circ} F$. This requirement shall be met without the aid of external heat sinks. The initiator shall be capable of ignition and performance as specified herein after being subjected to the no-fire current test.

1.2.1.9 MAXIMUM NO FIRE POWER

The impator shall not ignite when the bridgewire is subjected to a dc power of one watt for 5 minutes within the temperature range of ±300°F to -260°F. This requirement shall be met without the aid of external heat sinks. The initiator shall be capable of ignition and performance as specified herein after being subjected to the no-fire power test.

121.10 MIL FIRE PARAMETERS

the initiator shall ignite in accordance with the performance requirements specified herein when subjected to the following current levels: 5 to 22 amperes from -260°F to, but not including, 65°F: 3.5 to 22 amperes from -65°F to ±300°F; discharge from a 1000 microfarad capacitor charged to 20 volts minimum and 40 volts maximum from -260°F to ±300°F; and discharge from a 680 nucrofarad capacitor charged to 40 volts from -420°F to ±300°F.

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12 LEE SURLICE WEAR

Mating surfaces shall be sufficiently smooth and wear resistant to minimize the generation of metal-to-metal and seal wear particles. Surface roughness limitations shall be in accordance with Standard ANSI B46.1.

HOLLE NINGRIAL COMPAGBILITY

Exposed materials and parts of the initiator shall not be susceptible to deterioration or corrosion when subjected to the environmental extremes specified herein.

HOREITE

The initiator shall be designed to withstand, without damage. 150 inch-pounds of torque applied to the wrenching area.

12.1.14 INFRMETIC SEALING

The initiator shall be hermetically sealed by fusion of metallic or glass materials. The selected methods of sealing shall include any one or a combination of the following methods:

- a. Fasion of metallic materials by welding
- b. Fasion of glass materials by heat or pressure (Glass used for sealing material shall be visible in N-ray)

12.4.15 MORKMANSHIP

The naturator, including all parts and accessories, shall be constructed and finished in a thorough number. Particular attention shall be given to neatness, precision of fitted parts and assemblies and thoroughness of marking, welding, brazing, plating, machining, fitting, and freedom of parts from burrs and sharp edges that might cause the initiator to malfunction or cause injury to operating personnel.

12.2 MATERIALS, PARTS, AND PROCESSES

All parts and processes used in the design and construction of the initiator shall be of high and initionin quality commensurate with good design, shall be capable of withstanding the mechanical, electrical, and environmental conditions specified herein, and shall be reviewed and approved by the COTR.

1221 THREADED MATERIALS

All inreads on the initiator shall be 3.8-24 UNJF, class 3 in accordance with MIL-S-8879A and valled to comply with AMS 7466.

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1.2.2.2 RUBBER PARTS

All rubber parts used in the construction of the initiator shall be in accordance with the provisions of MIL/STD-1523A.

123 FINISH

The limshed surfaces of the initiator shall have no protective coating or plating.

1.2.4 INTURCHANGEABILITY

All parts having the same part number shall be dimensionally and functionally interchangeable.

13 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

13.1 LNVIRONMENTS

The criteria described below represent the environmental conditions and levels to which the matintor will be subjected. The initiator shall perform as specified herein after exposure to these cavironments.

- 1	Lemperature	From -420° F to $\pm 300^{\circ}$ F

b <u>Vibration</u> Random vibration will be experienced in each of three

mutually perpendicular axes as follows:

Daration LEVELS

5 min axis From 0.01 g²/HZ at 10 HZ with a 6 db/octave increase to

 0.8 g^2 HZ at 100 HZ. Constant at 0.8 g^2 /HZ from 100 HZ to 400 HZ with a 3 db/octave decrease to 0.16 g^2 HZ at

2,000 HZ.

Santsoidal 0.3g at 5 HZ with a linear increase of 2 g at 25 HZ.

increasing to 10 g at 100 HZ. Also 10 g from 100 HZ to

2,000 HZ.

Lemperature - Vibration Vibration per 1.3.1b between ±300°F and -260°F.

d. Shock At 100 g/s: 11:1 ms rise and 1=1 ms decay.

At 10-6 Torr from 4300°F to -260°F for 2 hours.

1 Temperature Cycling Laboratory ambient to -260°F and to -300°F. Thour low

temperature and 1.2 hour high temperature for 20 cycles.

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2 <u>Thermal Shock</u> Ambient to -320°F to ambient (3 times) until thermal

stabilized. Ambient to -320°F for 11 hrs (1 time) and back

to ambient.

h. Pressure, Vacuum At 10⁻¹⁰ Torr for 360 hours.

Pressure, Internal Static At 40,000 psi for 30 seconds. Note: All units acceptance

tested at 15,000 PSL

1. No-fire thermal The initiator shall not fire during exposure to a temperature

of 400°F for I hour. The initiator shall not be required to

fire subsequent to such exposure.

13.2 SERRAGE LIFE

The miniator shall have a minimum storage life of 10 years when temperatures are maintained within a range of ±15 to ±120°F.

133 OUTPUT PRESSURE FUNCTION

The mitiator shall be designed to produce the following pressures and/or function times under the conditions listed below:

- a. A pressure of 650 × 125 psig in a 10 cubic centimeter volume within a temperature range of 260 to ±300 F.
- b Time to reach 525 psig in a 10 cubic centimeter bomb shall not exceed 10 milliseconds from 260 to +300 F as measured from application of current. Firing currents shall be as specified in 1.2.1.10.
- Imitiator shall function at 420 F as specified when measured by firing shock.

134 LLAKAGE CURRENT

Within 5 minutes after firing the leakage current shall not exceed 50 milliamperes at 28 volts de, when applied between the following points.

- 3 Pin A to Pin B
- b. Two pms shorted together and the case If in excess of 10 percent of the units in lot acceptance, or any qualification test group, exceeds 50 milliamperes after firing, this shall be considered failure of the lot. The initiator shall be removed from the firing chamber before performing the above test.

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133 DIELFCTRIC STRENGTH

The mitiator shall withstand an AC voltage of 200 (=10) volts root mean square (rms) for 60 seconds between the ease and both pins shorted together without breakdown. The leakage current shall not exceed 500 microamperes. The initiator shall not ignite or otherwise be degraded. The initiator shall be capable of igniting and conforming to the requirements of this specification after being subjected to the dielectric strength test.

1.3.6 CONTINUITY CURRENT

the mitiator shall be capable of withstanding 25 applications of a 50 milliampere pulse, having a duration of one minute through the bridgewire, without degradation.

1.3.7 ENVIRONMENTAL SEAL

The connector end and mating connector environmental seal leakage shall not exceed 10 \(^4\) cubic continueters, per second of helium when measured at one atmosphere differential pressure.

13.8 INTERNAL SEAL

Fouring installation of the charge cup into the body assembly, an epoxy seal will be established around the pm header pins to charge cup to prevent migration of contaminant into the spark gap region.

2.0 ACCEPTANCE PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

2.1 HST FIRINGS

Whenever test firings are made, the following recorded traces shall be required:a. Firing source and voltageb. Current through the bridgewire versus timec. Peak pressure or accelerometer current versus time.

2.2 WERGIT OF EXPLOSIVE MIX

Each NSI shall be loaded with 114 (\approx 4) milligrams of explosive mix. A weighing before and after loading shall be performed on each device and recorded on a data sheet.

2.24 INFRGY CONTENT

The Latoric output of the mix shall be 1340 calories per gram minimum to 1450 calories per gram maximum.

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PROPERLANT BATCH TESTING

For each propellant batch blended, a sample will be loaded into 20 initiators for test by JSC prior to loading an initiator lot with that propellant batch. JSC will test fire these initiators at 420 F before giving approval to load a lot of initiators with this batch of propellant. The initiators are to be loaded using the normal manufacturing procedures except that reject bodies may be used provided the defect will not affect the function of the initiator. The test units are required to pass the leak test after the end closure weld has been completed and the environmental tests of para. 2.4.2. No other non-destructive testing is required.

The contractor is to ship the loaded units to the NASA JSC, marked for <u>THE</u> **PYROTECHNICS TEST FACILITY, BLDG.352.**

2.3 NONDESTRUCTIVE ACCEPTANCE TESTS

Prior to delivery and as a condition of acceptance, the supplier shall conduct the following acceptance tests on each initiator. It shall be the option of the COTR to determine whether rejected units or lots shall be reworked. In the ease of rework, the supplier shall correct all deficiencies prior to resubmitting rejected units or lots for acceptance tests. Documented evidence of rework and corrective action shall be submitted to the COTR and shall be made a part of the data package.

2.3 F HEADER SHOCK AND LEAKAGE TESTS

Prior to fabricating the header/body subassemblies, 100 percent of the header assemblies shall be subjected to thermal shock exposure as follows: Place the header assemblies in an oven and condition to 500...25°F for 30 minutes. Remove the header assemblies from the oven and submerge them in LN2 within one minute. Leave the header assemblies in the LN2 until stabilized (bubbles calm down), remove from LN2 and reheat to 500...25°F for 30 minutes then remove from oven and quench in ambient tap water. Following thermal shock, two percent of each for of header assemblies (20 minimum) shall be welded into NSI bodies and subjected to a 40,000 psi hydrostatic pressure applied to the head/body subassembly for 30 seconds (no backup of the flange area or back shell permitted). These units shall then be subjected to the 15,000 psi static pressure test in paragraph 2.3.2. Units exhibiting leaks in the weld area may be reworked and retested. Final acceptance of the header lot is contingent on no evidence of leaks in any of these units. Upon completion of this test, these units will be scrapped.

23.2 HEADER BODY STATIC PRESSURE LEAKAGE TESTS

Prior to loading, all initiator header body interfaces shall be covered with a liquid and pressurized to 15,000 psig nitrogen for 30 seconds through the threaded end of the initiator body. The body shall be installed in an MS33649-3 port or MS16142-3 port using a Parker 5-565 "O" ring or an equivalent installation. There shall be no evidence of leakage through or around the header, pins, or "O" ring. Any initiator that does not meet the static pressure leak test may be reworked, retested, and if it passes the test, retained within its original lot. All records must reflect rework action and compliance with this paragraph.

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233 - LOADED UNITS

All loaded units shall be subjected to the nondestructive tests specified in Table I prior to the lot acceptance firings specified in 2.4. Any initiator failing to meet any test of Table I shall be rejected, but such rejection shall not be cause for rejection of the entire lot. However, any imitiator that fires while being subjected to the nondestructive acceptance tests delineated in Table I excluding electrostatic sensitivity, may, at the NASA JSC COTR's discretion, be cause for rejection of the entire lot. These tests may be conducted in any sequence, except that examination of the product shall be subsequent to the n-ray and x-ray tests and insulation tesistance shall be performed after electrostatic testing. The data sheet shall show these sequence requirements have been met.

TABLE 1
Acceptance Test (All Initiators)

Name of Test	Applicable Paragraph
initiator Leakage Test	2.3.3.1
Electrostatic Sensitivity	2.3.3.6
Jesulation Resistance Test	2.3.3.3
Bridgewire Resistance Test	2.3.3.4
N-ray Test	2.3.3.5
Weld Washer Leak Test (As Required)	2,3,3.1b
1-commutation of Product	2,3,3,2

23.3.1 JAHUATOR LEAKAGE TESTS a. HERMETIC SEAL TEST

Leakage from the loaded sealed initiator (including the sealing washer weld) shall not exceed 5×10^6 cc sec of helium when measured at one atmosphere pressure differential. In preparing the mitiator for the leakage test, the initiator shall first be subjected to a maximum pressure of 1-inch Hg absolute for a minimum of 20 minutes then to helium at two atmospheres minimum for 5 minutes after which a one atmosphere helium environment must be maintained until removal for test. The leak rate measurement shall be made within 20 minutes after removal from the helium environment and shall be recorded on the test data sheet. The indicated leak rate must be 1×10^6 cc sec maximum to assure an actual rate of 5×10^6 cc sec.

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45 WELD WASHER LEAKAGE

A beimm leak rate test shall be performed to verify that the weld of the sealing washer to initiator body provides a hermetic seal. The leak rate shall not exceed 1x10 ° cc/sec when measured at one atmosphere differential pressure.

2332 I NAMINATION OF PRODUCT

truch inniator shall be carefully examined to verify that marking and workmanship comply with the requirements of this specification.

23.43 INSULATION RESISTANCE TEST

The resistance between the body assembly and the initiator terminals shall be measured for each imitiator by applying a potential of 250 (plus or minus 5 percent) volts direct current for 15 seconds minimum. The measured resistance shall be recorded and shall be 2 megohms minimum. No more than two measurements shall be made.

2.3.3.4 BRIDGEWIRE RESISTANCE TEST

The bridgewire resistance of each initiator shall be measured and recorded on the test data sheet. The measured resistance shall be 1.05 (plus or minus 0.1) ohms at laboratory ambient temperature. Test current shall be limited to 0.02 ampere for a maximum of one minute at a maximum of 1.0 volt. A NASA JSC supplied IRME must be used for obtaining the recorded measurement.

2.3.35 RADIOGRAPHS

From mutiator shall be neutron radiographed (see JSC 20431) to verify correct and proper installation of NSI internal components, including absence of contamination.

23.376 LEFC TROSTATIC SENSITIVITY TEST

t ach initiator of the lot shall be subjected to an electrostatic discharge of 25,000 (±200, ±0) volts from ±500 (±50) picofarad capacitor between both pins shorted together and the initiator body.

2.4 DESTRUCTIVE LOT ACCEPTANCE TESTS

Acceptance or rejection of a lot shall be contingent upon the measured output characteristics of initiator samples. A sample of the initiators shall be selected at random from each production lot by the JSC COTR when the production lot has been completed and the final radiographs have been submitted and reviewed. All initiators in the sample shall be tested as follows: The initiator shall be installed in a test fixture such that the free volume is 10 (±0.2) cubic centimeters, JSC part number SEB 26100021. Two pressure transducers shall be connected to the firing chamber to record and store pressure versus time. One of them shall be designated as the primary transducer and shall be so indicated on the data sheets prior to the start of acceptance testing. The secondary transducer "peak pressure" and "time to 525 psig" readings shall be

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recorded on the data sheets for information only. Acceptance or rejection of the lot shall be based solely on readings from the primary transducer. The secondary pressure transducer information shall be used for acceptance criteria only when (1) the primary system did not produce a recording, or (2) the recording produced by the primary system is outside the specification requirements and is obviously not similar in waveform to the previous primary transducer recordings.

The output and firing characteristics (pressure, voltage, and current versus time) of each initiator fired shall be recorded and used to determine the acceptability of the lot and to provide data for statistical analysis by NASA JSC.

2.4.1 DLATSAMPLE SIZE

4. The DLAT sample size shall be as specified:

TABLE ILLOT SAMPLE TEST QUANTITY

SM C PARA.	TEST REQ'D	QUANTITY
7.4.7	Finvironmental tests	150 units
2.4.3.)	Ambient (3.5 amps)	25 units
24.23	Ambient (20v, 1000 mic)	25 units
7.4.3	-260 ± (40x, 680 mic)	20 units
244	JSC (-420°F) Units	80 units

b. Lot size equals DLAT samples plus deliverable quantity

2.4.2 ENVIRONMENTAL TESTS

Prior to beginning the firing portion of the Destructive Lot Acceptance Testing, all units chosen for DLAT shall undergo 20 thermal cycles according to paragraph 1.3.1f. Bridgewire resistances shall be taken prior to test and after test. Bridgewire resistance shall be 1.05 = 0.10 ohm. After thermal cycles are complete, all units shall be randomly vibrated per paragraph 1.3.1b while thermally stabilized at -260°F. Subsequent to vibration, bridgewire resistances shall again be checked. The units shall then undergo a thermal shock test per paragraph 1.3.1g. At the conclusion of these environmental tests the units shall be fired in the ambient DLAT and low temperature DLAT prior to the requested units being sent to JSC for the -420°F testing per paragraph 2.4.4.

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2.4.2.1 CONSTANT CURRENT FIRING MODE

Iwenty five units shall be fired in the constant current mode. The initiator and test fixture shall be stabilized at room temperature and the bridgewire circuit shall be subjected to an applied current of 3.5 (~0.1, -0) amperes de for all 25 of the test units. The actual current flow shall be recorded. The post firing leakage current shall be as specified in 1.3.4. For lot acceptance, all units shall meet the following performance requirements.

2,4,2.2. ACCEPTANCE CRITERIA

FOR ALL LOTS

- Time to first pressure shall be greater than 1.0 millisecond at $3.5 (\pm 0.1 \pm 0.0)$ amps from application of current.
- 5. Time to 525 psig shall not exceed 6.0 milliseconds at 3.5 (±0.1 0.0) amps from application of current.
- e DEFFED
- d DITTID
- e. Peak pressure shall be 525 to 775 psig at 3.5 amps

FORLACHLOI

- a Range (difference between smallest and largest measurements in the sample) of time to first pressure shall not exceed 3.5 milliseconds at 3.5 (±0.1 0.0) amps.
- b Range of pressure rise from first pressure to 525 psig shall not exceed 0.5 milliseconds at 3.5 (-0.1 0.0) amps.
- c DELETED
- d DELETED

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2.4.2.3 CAPACITOR DISCHARGE FIRING MODE

I wenty-five units shall be fired in the capacitor discharge mode. The initiator and test fixture shall be stabilized at room temperature, and the bridgewire circuit shall be subjected to an energy output of 20 (±0.2 - zero) volts from a 1000 microfarad capacitor for all of these units.

The tirac to first pressure shall not exceed 1.0 millisecond from application of current. Time to 525 psig shall not exceed 1.3 milliseconds from application of current. The range of times to first pressure shall not exceed 0.3 milliseconds. The range of times from first pressure to 525 psig shall not exceed 0.3 millisecond. The peak pressure shall be between 525 to 775 psig.

2.4.3 FOW TEMPERATURE LOT ACCEPTANCE TEST

Liventy units of each lot shall be conditioned and stabilized to -260°F in SEB 26100021 pressure bombs with pressure transducers and instrumentation the same as in paragraph 2.4, and fired using the energy output from a 680 microfarad capacitor charged to 40 volts (PIC mode). The pressure shall reach 525 psi within 10 milliseconds from application of current. Failure of any initiator to meet this requirement will mean failure of the entire lot.

2.4.4 420 ± COLD TEMPERATURE CERTIFICATION

from every lot of mitiators. 80 units of those picked for DLAT will be shipped to NASA JSC, marked for THE PYROTECHNICS TEST FACILITY, BLDG 352 (or a facility capable of performing the same) where they will be fired using a 680 microfarad capacitor charged to 40 xolts (PIC mode) at -420°F for cold temperature certification. All units subjected to this test most successfully fire upon application of firing current and shall meet the following criteria when a normal distribution is applied to the data. The mean shall be equal to or less than one millisecond. The mean plus three standard deviations shall be equal to or less than three milliseconds and the number of units with function times greater than six milliseconds shall be no more than three.

2.5 POST FIRE INSPECTION

All destructive test samples shall maintain structural integrity (such as no visible evidence of gas leakage, tragmentation, loss of pins from header assembly) during and after the firing. Any tailing shall be cause for rejection of the lot.

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